

Neptune Tru-Flo Compound Meter Installation

Tru/Flo Compound

Neptune's Tru/Flo Compounds offer the widest operating range of any compound meter on the market. In order to achieve comparable performance in actual service, it is essential that these installation instructions be understood and followed.

Installation Instructions

All Tru/Flo Compound meters operate more accurately and reliably if installed properly. Tru/Flo Compound meter performance is directly related to the flow conditions of the water stream entering the meter. If the flow conditions are distorted as a result of upstream fittings or piping changes, the Tru/Flo Compound meter performance can be adversely affected.

For example, a properly installed meter with a length of straight pipe equal to 8 to 10 diameters immediately upstream of the inlet would register at 100%. The same meter installed with an elbow fitting immediately upstream of the meter will cause distortions in the flow stream conditions which would make meter performance highly erratic.

Schlumberger recommends that all Tru/Flo Compound meters be installed with a plate strainer at the meter inlet. The strainer, in addition to protecting the meter from debris in the line, also corrects the velocity profile of the flow to the meter.

When installing a Tru/Flo Compound meter, the recommended installation instructions should be followed.

Recommended Installation

The recommended installation of a Tru/Flo Compound meter is shown in Figure 1. This installation incorporates a plate-type strainer attached to the inlet of the meter. This illustration also shows an optical bypass which provides uninterrupted service capability during periods of meter service.

As indicated previously, the upstream plate-type strainer provides protection against meter damage from debris in the lines and virtually eliminates the effects of variations in upstream piping. Use of a Neptune strainer of the same line size as the meter is specifically recommended. This strainer design provides optimum velocity profile correction at minimum additional head loss.

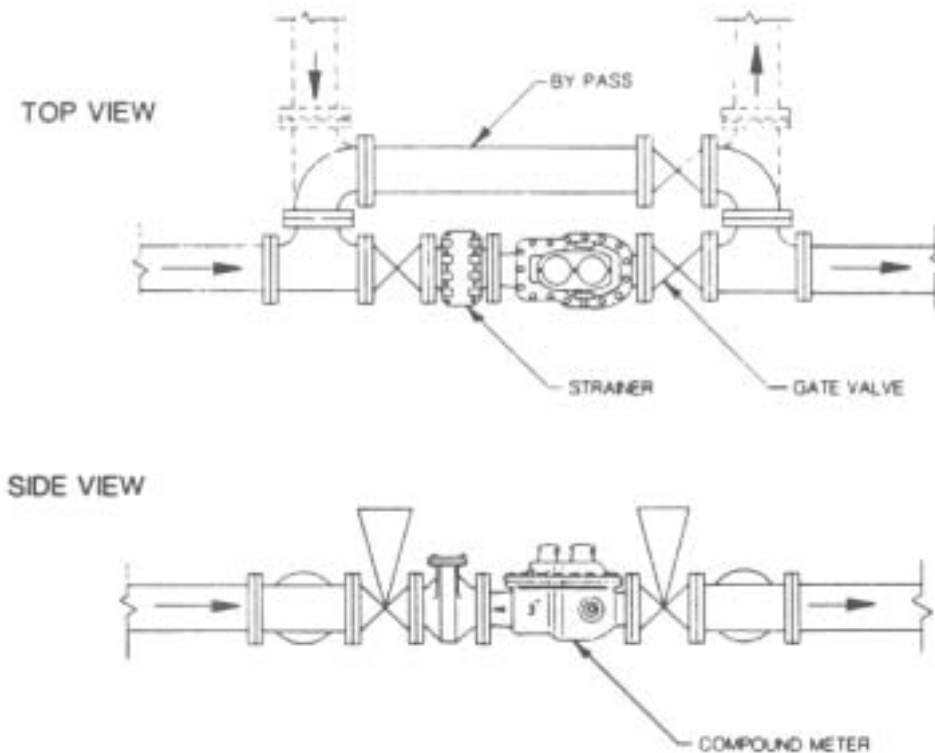


Figure 1.

Note: When installing a Tru/Flo Compound meter, normal good piping practice should always be followed. In particular, all gaskets should be centrally located on their flanges with no overlap or interference with the pipe diameter. This is particularly important at the inlet connection to the meter where a gasket protruding into the flow stream will cause unpredictable velocity conditions.

Tru/Flo Compound meters must operate in a completely filled line at all times. The downstream piping must always provide sufficient back pressure to maintain a full line at the meter.

Caution should be exercised to avoid air in the line, sudden flow surges, or excessive flow rates since these conditions may cause severe damage to the meter.

Before Operation

Before putting the Tru/Flo Compound meter in service follow these steps:

1. Turn air bleed on meter cover counter-clockwise one to two turns.
2. With outlet-side gate valve closed, SLOWLY open inlet-side valve to pressurize meter.
3. Close air bleed screw (clockwise) when air is completely vented and no "spitting" occurs.
4. SLOWLY open outlet-side gate valve until downstream is pressurized.

Note: After installation, it is important that the upstream (inlet) valve be put in the "full open" condition during service. A partially throttled upstream valve will cause flow profile distortion which will adversely affect meter accuracy. All throttling should be done ONLY on the downstream (outlet) side of the meter.

Tru/Flo Maintenance

When maintenance is necessary, the complete measuring element (Figure 2.—Both Registers, Cover, Turbine Cage and Chamber) may be quickly and easily interchanged with a factory calibrated unit. The main valve and throttle valve assemblies may also be quickly replaced if required.

- Step 1. Close Valves
- Step 2. Remove Cover Bolts
- Step 3. Remove Cover Assembly—On 2" & 3" meters screwdriver slots are provided to loosen cover and the register boxes provide lifting handles. On 4" & 6" meters 2-3 8-16 tapped holes are provided for jack screws or eye bolts.
- Step 4. Inspect Main Valve, Throttle Valve and Throttle Valve Seal. Replace if defective.
- Step 5. Remove Old Maincase Gasket and Replace with New Gasket. Make sure throttle valve and seal are properly seated.
- Step 6. Install Factory Calibrated Cover Assembly into Maincase. Be careful not to disturb seal ring on outlet cage during assembly.
- Step 7. Replace Cover Bolts
- Step 8. Tighten Cover Bolts
- Step 9. Open Valves—follow procedure described under "Before Operation" on the inside page.

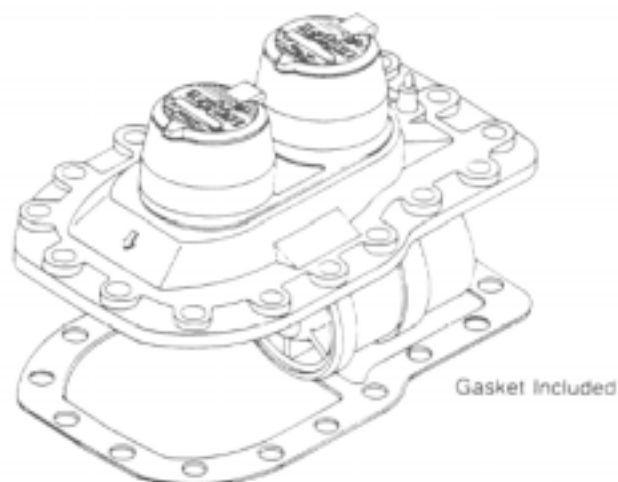


Figure 2.

All unitized measuring elements have been factory calibrated and should not require field calibration. (Note: Refer to meter installation instructions.)

The complete measuring unit should be returned for service to the nearest Schlumberger Service Center. If the customer does not have a spare unit, a factory calibrated exchange unit may be purchased from your Water Division representative. Schlumberger encourages all customers to purchase either a spare measuring unit complete or a blank cover to enable them to avoid service interruptions.

Calibration Vane Adjustment

Should field calibration of the turbine element be required, the following steps should be taken.

Step 1. Cut seal wire and remove tamper-resistant cap.

Step 2. Loosen lock nut by turning counter-clockwise.

Step 3. Insert slotted screwdriver into slot in top of adjusting stem, and

- a. Turn **clockwise** to **decrease registration**, or
- b. Turn **counter-clockwise** to **increase registration**.

Caution: Turning the adjustment stem 3" in either direction results in approximately 1% change in registration. The full range of the calibration vane is 30°.

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